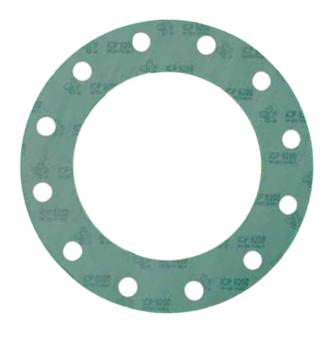


ICP 9200

Description:

Compressed fibre sheet material based on a blend of organic and mineral fibre mixed with NBR rubber.



Applications:

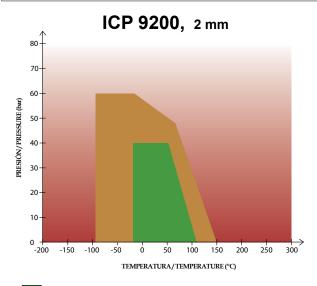
- Suitable to be used with water applications and low temperatures.
- This gasket is recommended mainly to be used in plumbing and fire sprinkler systems, such as economic filler in sandwich gaskets.
- Also for automotive applications as sprinkler system and other general applications.
 (No suitable to use with oil and gasoline)

Available sizes:

- Thickness (mm): 0.5, 0.8, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0
- Sheet size (mm): 1500 x 1500

Possibility of supplying different sheet sizes under request (minimum quantities are required)

PROPERTIES (Thickness 2 mm)	STANDARD	VALUE
Density	DIN 28090-2	1.80 g/cm ³
Recovery	ASTM F 36 A	≥ 40 %
Compressibility	ASTM F 36 A	7-15 %
Tensile Strength	ASTM F 152 DIN 52910	6 MPa 5 MPa
Fluid resistance	ASTM F 146	
ASTM OIL n°3 Mass increase Thickness increase	5h / 150°C	≤ 15 % ≤ 10 %
ASTM FUEL B Mass increase Thickness increase	5h / 23°C	≤ 10 % ≤ 10 %
ASTM Water / Coolant Mass increase Thickness increase	5h / 100°C	≤ 15 % ≤ 5 %
Ignition Loss	DIN 52911	≤ 40 %
Gas permeability	DIN 3535	≤ 0.5 cm³/min
* Maximum operating cond	litions:	
Minimum temperature		- 20 °C / - 4 °F
Peak temperature		150 °C / 302 °F
Continuous temperature		110 °C / 230 °F
Pressure		60 bar / 870 psi



- Satisfactory to use without technical supervision
 - Satisfactory, but suggest your refer to CALVOSEALING for advice
- Limited application area. Technical advice is mandatory



Chemical Resistance

The recommendations made here are intented to be a guideline for the selection of the suitable gasket, been necesary to take into account other factors.

Acetaldehyde	A
Acetamide	A
Acetic Acid	A
Acetone	
Acetylene	A
Ádipic Acid	A
Alum	•
Aluminum Acetate	A
Aluminum Chlorate	A
Aluminum Chloride	A
Ammonia	
Ammonium Bicarbonate	A
Ammonium Chloride	A
Amyl Acetate	
Aniline	
Asphalt	•
ASTM Oil Nº1	
ASTM Oil Nº3	
Barium Chloride	A
Benzene	
Benzoic Acid	
Bleach Solutions	
Borax	
Butane	
Butyl Acetate	
Butyl Alcohol (Butanol)	•
Calcium Chloride	A
Calcium Hydroxide	•
Calcium Sulphate	A
Carbon Dioxide	A
Carbon Disulphide	
Carbon Tetrachloride	
Chlorine (Dry)	
Chlorine (Wet)	
Chloroform	

Chiorometane	
Chromic Acid	
Citric Acid	A
Copper Acetate	
Copper Chloride	A
Creosote	
Cresol	
Cyclohexanol	
Cyclohexanone	A
Decaline	
Diesel Oil	
Dimethylformamide	
Dowtherm A	
Ethane	
Ethanol	•
Ethyl Acetate	
Ethyl Chloride	
Ethyl Ether	
Ethylene	A
Ethylene Chloride	
Ethylene Glycol	A
Ferric Chloride	A
Formaldehyde	
Formic Acid	A
Freon 12	
Freon 22	A
Fuel Oil	
Gasoline	
Glucose	•
Glycerine	•
Heptane	
Hydraulic Oil (Glycol)	
Hydraulic Oil (Mineral)	
Hydraulic Oil (Phosphate Ester)	•
Hydrochloric Acid 20%	

Chlorometane

Hydrochloric Acid 36%	
Hydrofluoric 40%	
Hydrogen	A
Isobutane	•
Isooctane	
Isopropyl Alcohol	
Kerosene	
Lactic Acid 50%	A
Lead Acetate	
Lead Arsenate	
Lubricating Oil	
Magnesium Chloride	
Magnesium Sulphate	
Malic Acid	•
Methane	
Methanol	•
Methyl Chloride	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	
Methylene Chloride	
Naphta	
Nitric Acid 20%	
Nitric Acid 40%	
Nitric Acid 90%	
Nitrogen	•
Octane	
Oleic Acid	
Óleum	
Oxalic Acid	
Oxygen	•
Pentane	
Perchloroethylene	
Phenol	
Phosphoric Acid	
Potassium Acetate	A
Potassium Carbonate	<u> </u>
Potassium Chlorate	A

Potassium Chloride	A
Potassium Dichromate	A
Potassium Hydroxide	A
Potassium Nitrate	A
Potassium Permanganate	
Propane	
Pyridine	
Salt	•
Silicone Oil	•
Sodium Aluminate	•
Sodium Bisulphite	•
Sodium Carbonate	A
Sodium Chloride	•
Sodium Cyanide	A
Sodium Hydroxide	A
Sodium Sulphate	A
Sodium Sulphide	A
Steam	A
Stearic Acid	A
Sulphur Dioxide	
Sulphuric Acid 20%	
Sulphuric Acid 96%	
Tetrachloroethane	
Tetraline	
Toluene	
Transformer Oil	
Triclchloroethylene	
Trietanolamine	
Urea	
Vinyl Acetate	•
Water	•
Xylene	

Recommended

▲ Recommended depends on operating conditions

Not recommended











